Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Beastly Tales: Yeti, Bigfoot and the Loch Ness Monster.

Prepared by: Stephen Lauricella and Jorge Zuluaga

Section one: **Believe it or not, The Loch Ness Monster** (pages. 4 -21)

**Vocabulary:**

**Places:** Europe (European), Africa, Indonesia, Scotland (Scottish), Loch Ness, Norway (Norwegian)

**Directions:** **Use a word from the bank to complete the sentences below. Do not repeat words.**

|  |
| --- |
| **remote, tourists, discovery, prehistoric, loch, swirl, mysterious, saint, retreat, swarm, reappear, grainy, murky, fossil, flipper, enthusiast,** |

1. Dinosaurs lived during the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ times.
2. There was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of bees around the honey.
3. China is so far away that we say that it is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Place.
4. Animals such as penguins, seals, or whales use this for swimming: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. There were a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Disney World!
6. Finding something new is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a lake.
8. Someone who is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ knows and likes something a lot.
9. The scientists tried to look at a picture, but it was too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that they could not see what they wanted.
10. To turn around and around \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
11. A strange, unknown, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fish lives in the sea
12. The water from the lake was too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that we could not see the bottom.
13. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are very old remains of animals or plants.
14. The soldiers had to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so they can stay safe.
15. A very good person is called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. What is the author’s purposes for writing this selection

<http://www.fcatexplorer.com/media/parent/tiplister/flash/tip210a.swf>

1. To inform and persuade
2. To entertain and inform
3. To persuade and entertain
4. What is the genre of the selection
5. Science fiction
6. Mystery
7. Fantasy
8. Nonfiction
9. Fiction
10. Name three creatures that really exist, but people thought they were made up by storytellers?
11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
12. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
13. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
14. What did Jim Ayton see in 1963?
15. A komodo dragon
16. A giant squid
17. A horse swimming in the loch
18. An enormous creature moving silently down the lake
19. Who else saw the creature that day?
20. Jim’s father and mother
21. Jim’s father and two other men
22. A group of fishermen
23. Anthony Shields
24. Why did Jim and his father think that nobody would believe what they had seen? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
25. When did The Loch Ness monster become famous?
26. In 1963
27. In 1,400
28. In 565 AD
29. In 1933
30. What happened after a road was built around the sides of the Loch Ness Valley?
31. Tourists could not explore the area
32. Saint Columba ordered the monster to leave
33. People started to visit the Loch Ness Area
34. After a road was built around the steep sides of the Loch Ness valley, tourists could now explore this remote area for the first time.  Do you think all of the Loch Ness monster sightings were true?  If not, why would someone lie about the sighting?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Based on the passage, which of the following statements is **not** true
2. Newspapers paid a lot of money for any picture of the monster
3. A lot of people went to the loch
4. Scientists brought special equipment to get better images
5. The sonar scanners showed a perfect image of the Loch Ness monster
6. According to the passage, the following sentences are true about the Cryptocleidus, except:
7. The Criptocleidus was an enormous reptile that lived in the sea.
8. The Criptocleidus existed more that 70 million years ago.
9. Scientists are sure that the Loch Ness monster was a Criptocleidus that survived unnoticed.
10. The Criptocleidus was a kind of dinosaur.
11. According to the map on page 6, Loch Ness is located in which country?
12. Northern Ireland
13. Republic of Ireland
14. England
15. Scotland
16. In detail, describe the location of Loch Ness.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. A simile is when you compare two things using the words like or as.  The author uses similes to compare the Loch Ness monster.  Write the two similes the author uses to compare the Loch Ness monster.  (Page 8)
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. On page 21 why does *Cryptocleidus* (krip - toe - KLIE - duss) *have* these letters in parenthesis?
5. to show the correct spelling of the word
6. to give the definition
7. to explain how to read the word
8. to call attention to an important word
9. In your opinion, do you think the Loch Ness Monster really existed?  Use evidence from the text to support your answer.  Your paragraph should be at least 5 complete sentences.  When you are finished check over your work for correct capitalization and punctuation.
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

C.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

D.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

E.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Beastly Tales: Yeti, Bigfoot and the Loch Ness Monster.

Prepared by: Stephen Lauricella and Jorge Zuluaga

Section two: **Yeti, Big foot** (pages. 22 -35)

**Places: Nepal (Nepalese), Mount Everest, Himalayas, Tibet**

**Vocabulary:** Match a word from the left with a definition from the right

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Monasteryeyewitness EvidenceYakyeti grunt scalpSherpainvestigate abominableMountaineers | * Somebody who lives in a mountainous area.
* A large longhaired ox that has long curved horns.
* Somebody who saw and can give evidence about an event
* look into, explore
* A building in which a group of people, especially monks, live together
* The skin and underlying tissues covering the dome of the skull
* Noise that a pig makes or a vocal sound that resembles it.
* Something that gives a sign or proof of the existence or truth of something
* Extremely repugnant or offensive
* The skin and underlying tissues covering the dome of the skull
* People originally from Tibet who live on the southern slopes of the Himalayan range
 |

Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Read the passage “Yeti” (pages 22 to 27) and choose the best answer from the choices given.

1. Where did Lhakpa live?
2. India
3. Nepal
4. A Buddhist monastery
5. Why did she climb up Mount Everest every day?
6. To exercise herself
7. To pick up some berries
8. to watch at the mountain tops
9. to graze her herd of yaks
10. Who lives up in the mountain?
11. Indians
12. Nepalese people
13. Buddhist monks
14. What is the highest mountain in the world?
15. The Appalachian mountains
16. Grandfather mountain
17. Mount Everest
18. Why did not Lhakpa expect to see the yeti?
19. Because she was blind
20. Because the mountains stretched for thousands of miles
21. Why are yaks valuable for the people who live in the Himalayas?
22. They use them for food, clothing and fuel
23. They ride them in competitions
24. They show the way, if somebody is lost
25. What did Lhakpa do when she saw the yeti?
26. She called her mother
27. She ran away
28. She rushed toward him.
29. She froze
30. What did the yeti do to her?
31. He told her a story about the Monks
32. He whirled and danced with her
33. He grabbed her and dropped her into an ice stream
34. He protected her with his long hairy arms
35. What did the yeti do to the yaks?
36. He clipped their hairs
37. He killed all of them
38. He killed three of them
39. What did the police find?
40. They found Lhakpa’s boots
41. They found the yeti
42. They found the yeti’s footprints
43. They found a new way to climb the Himalayas

Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Read the passage “Yeti” (pages 28 to 35) and answer the questions with information from the selection

1.  Yaks are valuable creatures for people who live in the Himalayas.  These hardy beasts provide what four things?

A. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

C. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

D.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2.  Why would Erick Shipton place an ax near the footprint of the Yeti?

1. To compare the shape of the footprint with the ax

1. To show the approximate size of the footprint

1. To show how much it has snowed that day

1. to show how much snow has melted

3.  True or False.  A Yeti’s footprint is three times as wide as a human footprint.

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4.  What does the author find the most amazing about the clear toe prints?

1. How long the toes are

1. How long the foot is

1. How wide the foot is

1. he creature was walking in the snow barefoot

5.  Where does the name “yeti” come from?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6.  What does “yeti” mean?

7.  What is another name for the yeti?

1. Abominable Snowman
2. Bigfoot
3. Loch Ness
4. Cryptocleidus

8.  True or False.  The yeti scalp given to Sir Edmund Hillary turned out to be a fake made of goat - antelope hair.

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Cut out each of the definitions and glue them next to the correct vocabulary word from the passage “Bigfoot”

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Bigfoot |  | Bottom of shoe or foot |
| Suit |  | A person who gathers trees for wood |
| Captors |  | Equipped with one or more weapons |
| Century |  | Without doubt |
| Armed |  | A mixture that is applied as a liquid paste and dries to a hard surface. usually used to make copies of objects |
| Logger |  | A huge haired beast that looks half ape and half human. |
| Plaster |  | A large brownish rodent of the squirrel family that lives on the ground and in burrows. |
| Sole |  | A person or animal that takes or holds another person or animal prisoner |
| Marmot |  | 100 years |
| Absolute |  | Outfit, costume |

Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Read the passage “Big Foot” (pages 36 to 47) and choose the best answer from the choices given.

Places or locations you will find in the reading:

Vancouver, Canada, Pacific Northwest, California, U.S.A. Russia, Oregon, Washington

1. What did Albert Ostman do in 1924?
2. He visited the Himalayas
3. He spotted a yeti while he was camping
4. He went on a camping trip to Vancouver

1. What was searching through his pack?
2. A yeti
3. A porcupine
4. A bear
5. A bigfoot
6. Why do you think the author placed a map on page 36?
7. To show a good place for camping
8. To show the place where bigfoot lives
9. To Show where the United States is
10. Where is the mysterious bigfoot said to live?
11. In the Himalayas
12. In the Pacific Nortwest
13. In Vancouver
14. None of the above
15. What carried Albert over rough ground?
16. A mountaineer
17. A monk
18. A bigfoot
19. All of the above
20. When did Albert escape?
21. Albert hit a bigfoot on his scalp and ran away
22. Albert used his camera to scare the family of bigfoots
23. When a bigfoot ate tobacco, he got sick and Albert escaped
24. When daylight came, Albert ran away
25. How long was Albert kept captive?
26. For a month
27. For a day
28. For six days
29. For an hour
30. What is the difference between a bigfoot and a yeti?
31. There is not a difference. They are the same
32. The bigfoot is bigger than the yeti
33. The yeti has more hair than the bigfoot
34. Nobody has ever seen a yeti
35. **About** how big is the foot of a bigfoot?
36. About 12 centimeters
37. About 12 inches
38. About 15 inches
39. About 15 Centimeters
40. Why did the author use the words “Armed with a movie camera” on page 42
41. To show that cameras are good weapons
42. To show that Roger Patterson planned to film a bigfoot
43. To Show that cameras are not weapons
44. none of the above
45. How did Roger Patterson and his friend go to the area where they spotted bigfoot?
46. They took a train for three days
47. They rode their horses
48. They walked and took a boat
49. none of the above
50. Why is it hard to prove that Patterson’s film is fake?
51. Because Patterson made plaster casts of bigfoot’s footprints
52. Because it is hard for people to run in a bigfoot costume
53. Because everybody knows that bigfoot does not exist
54. All of the above
55. What did the bigfoot from Oregon State do to the marmots?
56. He hit the marmots with a rock
57. He ate the marmots one by one
58. He helped the marmots escape from the hunters
59. He helped the marmots to build a new nest

1.  What is the difference between bigfoot’s footprints and a human footprints.

 A. Bigfoot has 6 toes and a human footprint has 5 toes

 B.  There are no differences between the two.

 C. Bigfoot has a much flatter sole than a human foot

 D. A human foot has a much flatter sole than bigfoot

2.  What four things has bigfoot been spotted eating?

 A. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 B. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 C. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 D. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3.  What other names did Native Americans give for bigfoot?

 A.  Sasquatch

 B.  Oh - mah - ah

 C.  Sasquatch and Shipton

 D.  Sasquatch and Oh - mah - ah

4.  Use the Venn Diagram to Compare and Contrast yeti to bigfoot.


5.  Tape recordings show different ways bigfeet may communicate.  What are the different sounds that were recorded?

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. You and your friend are going camping to try and catch bigfoot.  As the two of you are walking you happen to see a frequently used trail by bigfoot.  Write 5 - 7 complete sentences on how you would try to capture bigfoot.  Be sure to tell us if you were able to capture bigfoot.  Use your imagination!!!!  When you are finished, draw a picture of what you wrote.

 A. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 B. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 C. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 D. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 E. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_